This newspaper goes into two-thirds of the homes in Alexandria daily. If you have a message to send to the families who reside in those homes, Mr. Business Man, let The Gazette carry it to them for you.

Alexandria Gazette

Library of Congress

For this section—Fair and warmer tomorrow; partly cloudy; light westerly winds.

VOL. CXXXIV—No. 143. ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA, SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1918. PRICE ONE CENT.

LAY THE CORNER STONE

Impressive Exercises in Boston Today When Building is Started Which Elks Will Give to the Government.

Boston, Mass., June 15.—The cornerstone of Reconstruction Base Hospital No. 1, the first of its kind in the United States and the gift to the government by the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, was laid today in the presence of a distinguished assembly of citizens. Representatives of the nation, state and city, with eminent men of the medical professesion and thousands of Elks and prominent citizens from all parts of the east participated in the ceremony on Parker Hill and signalized by their presence and words the notable importance of the event.

This first reconstruction hospital, which will serve as the model, the standard-maker for similar ones to be established throughout the United States, will give the maimed and disabled American soldiers and sailors the best of expert attention and occupational instruction. It will rebuild human wreckage into able-bodied men and will educate them in occupations which will best qualify them not to become a burden to society. The aim of the hospital in brief may be said to be to minimize the sufferings and disabilities caused by the war and to protect the community from an undue number of crippled citizens.

The government through the surgeon general's department, in November last, accepted the reconstruction hospital plans as a gift from the Elks. The Elks War Relief Commission is building the reconstruction hospital at a cost of $250,000, the money being taken from the Elks $1,000,000 war relief fund, voted by the Elks 1917 convention The hospital will be ready to receive the wounded American soldiers and sailors in the early part of September.

The laying of the cornerstone was under the direction of grand lodge officers of the Elks The departments of the Secretary of War and the surgeon general were formally represented. His Excellency, Samuel W. McCall, governor of Massachusetts, extended the greeting of the Commonwealth, and the Hon. Andrew J. Peters, mayor of Boston, represented the city. Fred Harper, grand exalted ruler of the Elks, delivered the principal address of the occasion, telling of the benevolent and patriotic purposes that prompted the Elks to make the gift to their country and dwelling on the blessings that seem certain to await the war-afflicted soldiery that court the benefits of the institution. The subordinate lodges of Elks in New England were represented by E. Mark Sullivan, exalted ruler of the Boston lodge of Elks.

Every device and resource known to the medical science will be at hand at the reconstruction hospital to rebuild every part of the human frame. Men with half their faces shot away by shrapnel will get new jawbones from their ribs and new noses and new cheeks from the cartilages and tissues on other parts of their bodies.

Thousands of men who would be human wrecks without proper treatment will be rebuilt at the new reconstruction hospital and taught trades that make them economic assets instead of liabilities. The men with fractures that have not rightly knitted, with stiff joints, with nerve palsies from shock or from injury—there are the cases the reconstruction hospital will help. They will have had the regular base hospital treatment just behind the firing lines, where the first surgical work will be done.

Special Notice.

Having leased my building at 416 King street from June 15th, this is to notify my many patrons and the public that the business of Cleaning and Pressing Clothes will be continued at 322 So. Washington street. Bell phone 369W. I beg to thank my many friends and the public generally for their generous patronage in the past and solicit a continuance of the same at my new location. C. M. Schwab.
142-6t.

Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of the late Luther M. Henderson, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt settlement with me, and all persons to whom said estate is indebted are requested to present their accounts properly certified for payment.

P. A. Kersey, administrator,
419 South Washington street.
142-10t.

MORE MEN ARE NEEDED

Drive Under Way in Virginia for Two Hundred Men to Serve In Y. M. C. A. Huts.

Opening the drive in Virginia for at least 200 men for work on the battlefront in France as secretaries for the Y. M. C. A., the local recruiting committee for Alexandria, of which Judge J. K. M. Norton is chairman, announced today that three prominent Richmond business men had been accepted for service and that a unit would be formed in that city immediately. This is the first progress made in the campaign for secretaries from this state. The Richmond men are G. Jeter Jones, vice president of the Merchants National Bank; Ernest M. Long, an attorney, and Lewis McK. Judkins, a well-known seedsman.

It is expected that the Richmond unit will be completed shortly and sent to France immediately. Demands upon the Y. M. C. A. in the war zone have increased tremendously in recent months, especially since the arrival of American troops in large numbers overseas. This fact has resulted in an urgent appeal from the National War Work Council for secretaries immediately. More than 2,000 men are needed within the next thirty days, and more than 4,000 by September 1. Virginia is expected to furnish at least 200 men.

Under the direction of the state committee, recruiting committees have been formed in every county and city in Virginia to conduct the drive for secretaries This campaign is just being started. Because of the peculiar nature of the work, which carries the men to the front line trenches as well as among the soldiers back of the lines, secretaries must have special qualifications to be accepted by the National Council.

They must be of a high type, with executive ability and capable of leadership. Secretaries are wanted for all classes of work in providing amusements and recreation for soldiers, handling the canteens, repairing motor trucks, keeping the vast stocks of merchandise, and for accounting work. The field is open to a wide class of high type men, and the work is absolutely necessary for the winning of the war because the allied fighters cannot be neglected if the greatest efficiency is to be obtained.

The local recruiting committee is anxious to discuss the matter with men who believe they are fitted for the work, and will gladly furnish all the necessary information. Virginia must do her part, and a vigorous drive is now being made, but the support of local people must be given if the work is to be successful.

744,865 MORE FOR ARMY.

That Many 21-Year-Olds Registered on June 5.

Washington, June 15.—Nearly complete reports to the Provost Marshal-General's office show that 744,865 young Americans who have become of age during the past year registered for military service on June 5. This is 266,724 below the estimate of the Census Bureau, but, since more than 200,000 unregistered 21-year-olds already are enlisted in the Army, Navy or Marine Corps, the military authorities find the result entirely satisfactory.

Army and Navy estimates place the number of 21-year-old men enlisted at 208,588. This figure, combined with the falling off in alien registration, gives a total of 353,686, which means that the Census Bureau apparently missed the number of eligible by only 13,000.

TAKES OVER TEUTON SHIPS.

Peru's Action Deemed Reply to Submarine Raids in the West.

Lima, Peru, June 15.—The Peruvian government through its military forces has taken possession of the German vessels interned at Callao. This action by the Peruvian government follows upon the breaking off of diplomatic relations with Germany by Peru early last October. Peru broke with Germany because Germany failed to reply satisfactorily to demands concerning the sinking of Peruvian barks.

There are eight German vessels interned at Callo, with a capacity of slightly less than 50,000 deadweight tons. They include several large steamers, with passenger accommodations.

Alexandria City and Suburbs

Exercises in honor of Flag Day were held by Alexandria lodge of Elks in their rooms on Prince street last night Officers of the lodge had the services in charge and speeches were made by various visiting brethren.

Miss Hattie Wattles, formerly of this city, but who has made her home in Atlanta for several years, is visiting friends in Washington, and was the guest during the week of Miss Mamie Graham, at her home in Prince street.

A sneak thief last Monday entered the home of Joseph Magner at Gum Springs, Fairfax county, and stole a valuable double-case gold watch. The theft was reported to the Alexandria police department, and this morning Sergeant Roberts recovered the timepiece in this city where it had been sold.

Mrs. Lillian E. Thomas, wife of Howard D. Thomas, died yesterday at the Alexandria hospital. The deceased was 26 years old. The family home is at 820 Princess street, this city, where the funeral service will be held on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment will be in the Presbyterian cemetery.

The Knights of Columbus building at Camp Humphrey's will be dedicated Sunday, June 16, at 2:30 p. m. under the auspices of Fitzgerald Council No. 459 of this city. The committee in charge has made arrangements with the Quartermaster's Department to have trucks meet the trains at Mount Vernon. Transportation will be free from Mount Vernon to the camp to those who wish to go by this route.

Mr. Arthur M. Crewe, of Thoroughfare, Va., and Miss Elizabeth Stout, of Albermarle county, were married at 11:30 o'clock this morning at the residence of Mrs. Kate Waller Barrett, 408 Duke street, by the Rev. Dr. P. P. Phillips, rector of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal church. There were a number of out-of-town guests present and the parlors were beautifully decorated with the early summer flowers. Following the ceremony Mrs. Barrett enterfained the wedding party at luncheon, immediately after which Mr. and Mrs. Crewe left for a wedding trip and will make their home at Clifton, Va.

Mrs. Jacob Hinkelman and daughter, Miss Bertha Hinkelman, of Syracuse, N. Y., are the guests of Mrs. F. Ervin Ludwig, at her home on Braddock Heights.

Rev. E. B. Jackson, pastor of the First Baptist Church, will preach a special sermon to the Baraca and Philathea classes at the 11 o'clock service tomorrow. All members and friends are cordially invited to be present.

The Rev. W. Van Ness will conduct services at 11 a. m. tomorrow in the Free Methodist church, and in the evening at 8 o'clock. Vincent Hollis Todd, of Washington, will give an illustrated blackboard talk in the Sunday school tomorrow.

Potomac lodge of Odd Fellows last night elected the following named officers: J. B. Collins, noble grand; Frank Chilcotte vice grand; George W. Bontz, Sr., treasurer. They will be installed on the evening of July 5. The first degree was conferred on two candidates.

Mrs. Overton Westfeldt Price, little Miss Barbara Price and Master Philip Price, who have spent the past few months at their North Carolina home, The Grange, near Baltimore, are the guests of Mrs. Price's mother, Mrs. Noble Lindsey, at her home in Braddock Heights.

The services tomorrow in the Methodist Protestant church will be preaching at 11 a. m. by the pastor, the Rev. Raymond W White, whose topic will be "The Value of Labor." Sunday school will be held at 9:30 a. m., Christian Endeavor at 7:45 p. m. and children's service at 8 o'clock. Every one is invited to attend these services, especially the service for children in the evening.

Trinity Methodist church will celebrate the opening of the reading and recreation room tonight with a luncheon and reception to fifty specially invited soldiers from Camp Humphreys. Tomorrow at the 11 a. m. service the Rev. A. E. Speilman will preach on "A Good Soldier," and in the evening there will be a specially arranged illustrated service, to which the public is invited. Songs will be sung from the screen.

Mr. Towle, of Fort Myer, will sing the offertory at the morning service in Christ church tomorrow

In the announcements yesterday at the University of Virginia Charles Bruce Morton, of this city, is the winner of one of the Thomas F. Ryan scholarships, and Andrew Grinnan, of Alexandria, was awarded one of the Isaac Cary scholarships.

The body of Joseph Jonnatone, the Italian soldier whose body was found in the river at the foot of Cameron street Wednesday morning last was sent to his brother at Chicago this morning in compliance with instructions received by Demaine & Son.

There will be a meeting of the executive committee of the Alexandria Chapter, American Red Cross, held in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce next Monday evening, June 17, at 8 o'clock. Matters of special importance will be discussed and it is hoped there will be a large attendance.

In the Second Presbyterian church tomorrow at the 11 a. m. service the Rev. Dr. John Lee Allison will take for his subject "The Banners of the Lord," a theme suggested by Flag Day, and he will speak of the spiritual side of this subject. The evening service at 8 o'clock will be evangelistic. Sunday school will be at 9:30 a. m., Bible class at 10 o'clock and the Christian Endeavor will meet at 7:15 p. m

Mrs. Samuel M. Lunt, of Overbrook, Pa., has recently learned of the promotion of her husband, Cadet Samuel M. Lunt, to first lieutenant in the aviation section of the Signal Corps. Lieutenant Lunt has been in France eight months and is now taking an advanced course in bombing. He was formerly from this city.

Mr. W. H Whittaker, owing to ill health, has resigned the management of the Belvoir and Humphrey Hotels, in this city. These hotels are now under the management of Mr. F. Lee Enswiller, who is said to be a hotel man of twenty years experience, and recently connected with the Hotel Washington, Washington, D. C. Mr. Enswiller has secured the services of a high-class French chef and from now on the dining room will be under the personal supervision of Mr. Enswiller.

CUTS PRIESTS' COURSE

Pope Rules Three Years of Theology Enough During War.

Cardinal Gibbons has been notified from Rome that hereafter a three-year course in theology will be sufficient for applicants for the priesthood for ordination. Heretofore the course has been four years, but under the new plan the curriculum will be consolidated so that nearly all the topics touched upon in the four-year course will be given in the three years.

The urgent demand for priests has caused the Pope to make this ruling for the Catholic church in this country, and it affects all seminaries. There have been hundreds of priests from all dioceses in the country who have given up parish work that they might serve with the American Expeditionary Force as chaplains. Other priests are serving as chaplains in the cantonments, and still others are serving with the Knights of Columbus.

This drain upon the priesthood has caused many vacancies to exist, especially in the large cities, as the city churches are now overcrowded because of the coming of war workers to the munition plants and others on Federal jobs. With the course cut it will mean that in the next two years the average ordinations will be doubled.

Pope Benedict has ordered all the priests in this country to offer with him a prayer for peace on the feast of SS. Peter and Paul, which falls on June 29.

Services for Soldiers.

The citizens and men in uniform are especially invited to the first of a series of community services tomorrow evening at 6 o'clock at the southwest corner of North Alfred and Princess streets, under the auspices of the Soldiers' Service Association. Prof. Cook, secretary of Howard University, will deliver an address. Special choir music wil be rendered.

Friends are requested to direct visiting colored soldier to this service.

DRIVE A FAILURE

German Crown Prince Brought to a Halt on Western Front.

The crown prince's drive against the northeastern approaches of Paris has come to a dead halt. The night from Thursday to Friday saw one more desperate flickering up of offensive action just west of the Oise, near Antheuil village but it was quickly snuffed out by the French 75s and machine guns.

Since then the whole area that has been bathed in blood for five successive days and nights has seen no infantry action. The big guns of both sides have taken charge, and in and behind the lines the quiet work of consolidation has begun.

Ludendorff's attempt to draw a straight line from Montdidier to Chateau Thierry proved a dismal failure—more costly in lives than anything the Germans have done since Verdun.

Gets Heavy Sentence.

Walter Williams, colored, 27 years of age, confessed boot-legger, who sold whisky in the Washington police court building Thursday morning to a decoy sent out by Sergt. Holmes of the Eight precinct, was giving a sentence yesterday morning by Judge Mullowney to conform with his "nerve."

The colored man must serve 180 days in jail and pay a fine of $500 besides, and 180 days additional in default of the fine. He had not only offended the dignity of the court by attempting to convert it into a "blind tiger," but carried a razor concealed. For this offense he must serve three more months—a year and a quarter in all, unless his fine is paid.

Death Notice.

DIED—On Friday, June 14, 1918, at the Alexandria Hospital, Lillian E. Thomas, wife of Howard D. Thomas. Funeral Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock from her late residence, 820 Princess street. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

FLOATED EIGHTEEN HOURS

Two Survivors of U-Boat Victim Reach Homes in Millville.

Millville, N. J., June 15.—Josiah Shropshire and Walter Krause, two Millville boys, who were on board the transport President Lincoln, which was torpedoed by a German submarine off the coast of France, arrived home yesterday. They tell thrilling stories of their experiences, having been among the last to leave the ship and finding all of the lifeboats gone.

They were tossed about the sea for eighteen hours on an improvised raft until they were picked up by a torpedo boat sent to their rescue. The young men were landed in France, returned to the United States on a transport, and granted four days' leave of absence from a troop ship which lies at an Atlantic port. Both are anxious to get back into the service.

NEGRO IS KILLED.

Edward Pryor, Victim, Succumbs Quickly to Wound.

During an altercation in front of 1335 W street northwest Washington last night, Edward Pryor, a negro, was shot through the heart and almost instantly killed by a shot alleged to have been fired by John O. Timberlake, a negro living at 1335 W street

According to the police, Pryor went to Timberlake's home, and after a few words and argument arose. Timberlake, the police state, went into his home, got his revolver and shot Pryor through the heart.

Pryor was rushed to Garfield Hospital, but died on the way. He was 28 years old and lived at 210 S street northwest.

Timberlake was arrested.

Notice.

There will be a called conclave of Old Dominion Commandry No. 11, K. T. Tuesday evening, June 18, at 8 o'clock to confer the Order of the Temple. This is an emergency case and a full attendance is most earnestly requested. Full Templar Uniform. By order of the Emminent Commander. A. G. Uhler, recorder.
142-3t

STRUCK A FROST HERE

Four Men Formulate a Camouflage in Alexandria Last Night.

C. H. Shipman, of Loudoun county; John C. Nelson, of Alexandria county, and Dr. B. F. Noland and Claude Sapper, of Leesburg, came to Alexandria last night for the purpose of organizing a political club in the interest of E. B. White, candidate for Congress in this district. The meeting was held in the Belvoir Hotel, and proved to be a failure, as only six Alexandrians could be gotten together for the purpose. James W. Collins, of Washington, was elected president and the club was christened "Alexandria City and County Workingmen's Club."

The club is regarded as a joke here. It is believed the real object of the movement is to give the impression elsewhere in this congressional district that Hon. C. C. Carlin's competitor will receive substantial support in Alexandria. This is political camouflage, as there is nothing farther from the truth. The vote for White in this city is known to be so small that it can hardly be discovered with the aid of a magnifying glass.

MADE $35 A DAY BEGGING

Cripple's Story is Exploded When Delawareans Grow Suspicious.

Georgetown, Del., June 15.—Telling a story of an accident in a machine ship at Seaford, the loss of a leg and an endeavor to collect money for an artificial leg, a one-legged man on crutches and a woman calling themselves Mr. and Mrs. Robert West, worked all the towns in lower Delaware successfully until they struck Georgetown, where their tale was questioned, the telephone used to verify it and finally both confessed before officers that their story was entirely untrue and that they were from Nashville, Tenn., and had worked their way all over the country by begging, making as much as $35 a day in many places.

The man was an experienced machinist and was released upon promise that he would go direct to Chester, Pa., and seek employment. Their tickets were bought for Chester, but in case they should forget the promise, all the towns in the state were notified to be on the lookout for them if they tried begging again.

HAIL STONES PELT MINERS

Missiles Wieghing 12 Ounces Cover Ground Eight Inches Deep and Ruin Crops.

Shamokin, Pa., June 15.—The most violent hailstorm in the history of central Pennsylvania swept over Treverton and the Mahanoy Valley, six miles west and south of this place, late yesterday afternoon, leveling crops and war gardens, shattering windows, tearing holes through tin, slate and shingle roofs and causing damage estimated at $20,000.

The storm swept over an area of about twelve square miles and continued for 20 minutes. Hail fell to the depth of from 5 to 8 inches. Many of the hailstones at North Franklin colliery, at Treverton, weighed 12 ounces. Reports from the Mahanoy Valley indicate that the hailstones there were even larger than those on the southern side of the mountain.

Men returning to their homes from the mines were forced to seek shelter behind and beneath rocks, trees and bushes because of the great weight of the pelting hailstones.

FELL 2,000 FEET AND LIVES

O'Brien's Chief Concern Was Over His New Trousers.

San Antonio, June 15.—Lieutenant Pat O'Brien, Royal British Flying Corps, who is in the United States after having escaped from a German war prison, fell nearly 2,000 feet in an airplane here yesterday but was only slightly injured.

O'Brien was alone in the airplane over Kelly Field when it fell. He was conscious when aid reached him and his chief concern was over his new trousers which he feared had been ruined.

O'Brien was taken to the Emergency hospital. Cuts and bruises about the face and body were his chief injuries.

FOR SALE—A beautiful country residence on Seminary Hill. A large airy house with all modern improvement. About 25 acres of land. To a quick purchaser at a moderate price. Inquire at 421 King street, Alexandria, Va. 139-6t

HUNS HOIST WHITE FLAG

Party of Fifty Germans Eager to Surrender to Americans.

London, June 15.—A party of 50 Germans among the troops who attacked the Americans northwest of Chateau Thierry on Thursday surrendered under a flag of truce, reports the correspondent of the Daily Mail with the American forces in France. All the German attacks failed and they left behind them dead and wounded. Describing the day's events, the correspondent says:

"The Germans apparently are annoyed at losing Belleau wood. All night and early yesterday morning guns of almost every caliber pounded the American lines at Bouresches and Belleau wood.

"Local attacks, more or less feeble in strength, followed, and the Germans entered the streets of Bouresches. Nevertheless, the attacks failed and the enemy left behind a number of dead, wounded and many prisoners, fifty of whom surrendered under a flag of truce, machine guns and mortars.

"About 400 enemy cavalry were discovered south of Eterpilly (north of Bouresches) yesterday, but few returned after the Americans fired into them.

"It is believed the Germans have ordered fresh divisions to the American sector, near Bussiares (west of Belleau Wood).

"The excellent relations between the French and American commands is shown by the fact that a regiment of Zouaves and a division of French artillery now are working under an American divisional command."

FORD STIRS 'EM UP

Forecasts Injection of New Element Into Deliberations of U. S. Senate

Henry Ford's decision to run for the United States Senate at the request of President Wilson has created a highly interesting political situation in Congress.

Ford, classed in the past as a Republican, will run on a nonpartisan ticket, already indorsed by the Democrats of Michigan, and his policy will be " to support the President."

Republican leaders say that Ford, if elected, probably will take his seat on the Republican side of the upper house, while voting with the Democratic side. His liberal policies, particularly in industrial questions, will inject an element into the Senate that promises to develop new and interesting debate. Ford is aligned strongly with the President on post-war construction ideas. Some hint of his program is found in his official statement announcing his acceptance of the President's urge to be a candidate when he said:

"There are exceptional opportunities for service to our people during present and coming readjustment."

President Wilson recently declared that after the war those who have battled abroad will be impatient of the old campaign slogans of both parties and will demand that the leaders frame definite ideals that will give the workingman a definite place in the sun. This also has been Ford's industrial policy for some years. His appearance in the Senate, therefore, is looked upon by some here as forecasting, perhaps, the foundation for a new alignment in politics — a possible breaking up of the old parties and an assemblage under a new flag that will fly the slogan of advanced reconstruction ideas after the war.

"The Retreat of the Germans."

The second episode of what is said to be one of the most wonderful pictures ever put upon the screen will be shown at the Grand Theater on Monday afternoon and evening. It shows "The Retreat of the Germans at the Battle of Arras," from photographs made at the time by expert camera men, and has the approval of the government officials. Although the pictures are of unusual interest no advance will be made in the price of admission on Monday.

"True Blue" at the Richmond

For action and acting, picture patrons know they get it in William Farnum productions and "True Blue" which will play at the Richmond Theater tonight is no exception. "True Blue" is a film drama of the rugged West, presenting, however, a phase of life new to the cinema—a story of a man, red-blooded, strong, virile—a thorough American, undaunted and courageous.

"Madam Who" will be shown at the Surprise.

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON Except Sunday.
By The Alexandria Gazette Corporation, 317 King Street, Alexandria, Va.

Entered at the Postoffice at Alexandria, Virginia as second class matter.

HOWARD W. SMITH, President and Treasurer

WILLIAM A. SMOOT....Vice President
EDWIN B. HARD, Editor and Manager.

WHAT SHIPS MEAN

Gustavus Myers, the noted historian and research writer, says that with the farmers continued and vigorous support of our ship program the great new merchant fleets we are now building will insure a permanent access to all markets abroad and good prices for their products.

With a probable bumper crop of at least 900,000,000 bushels of bread grains expected from our farms this year, the American farmer is showing what his contribution is to the war for human freedom. Upon his productive efforts largely depends the supplying of the allied armed forces and populations with food.

To the appeal, "Food will win the war," the American farmer has responded with splendid results. Great fleets of ships have been or are being created by the United States Shipping Board. They are being produced at a record pace.

Far away from the seaboard, as many of our farms are, they are joined with the oceans to a degree they never were before. The ship supplement the plow and the harvester. Day and night the farmer has been thinking of how he could make his land more productive. It is a subject that never leaves him. The indications are that so well has he thought it out that this year's crop of winter wheat alone will be 154,000,000 bushels more than last year's, large as that was. And this is only one part of the immense crops from American farms.

We are rapidly getting together the ships that will transport it over the ocean to feed our troops and those of the allies and the peoples of the countries banded to defeat Hun aggression. What will further make the Huns quake is the fact that our millions of farmers are as determined to support the program for vast fleets of ships as they are set upon raising vast crops.

The United States is now the great reservoir from which supplies must be drawn. The enormous gain in our exports show how other nations are increasingly looking to us to sustain them. In 1914 we exported about $2,500,000,000 worth of products. Last year our exports amounted to $6,231,000,000, or nearly three times as much as in 1914.

In less than a year's time the accomplishments of the United States Shipping Board have been on an unprecedented scale. Where in 1917 there were only sixty-one shipyard plants in the United States, there are now 158, and more are being constantly established. The United States Shipping Board has given out contracts for 8,183,000 deadweight tons of ships, and has already put in service 831,111 deadweight tons of new shipping This in addition to 2,073,826 deadweight tons of neutral and allied ships under charter. German and Austrian ships seized, and Dutch ships requisitioned It is launching new ships rapidly, and is beginning to make provision for tugs and barges for inland and coastwise water traffic. From the small number of 44,926 men employed in American shipyards on April 1, 1917, the force of shipbuilders in our yards has now increased to 300,000.

With this progress American farmers can look forward to the certainty of a great merchant marine, built in American shipyards and carrying their products the world over now and after the war.

THE CAUSE OF ALL OUR WOES?

Local happenings were scarce commodities today. There was nothing in either of the courts which could form the basis of an item, residents of the rural districts who attended market had nothing to report outside the ordinary, and so far as could be learned no accidents had occurred. While musing over our "dry hauls" we espied a bunch of people, mostly of the feminine gender, grouped around something in the street, and upon approaching we saw a young man from the land of Cicero, who was grinding out tunes from an old-fashioned barrel organ, while a monkey was gathering pennies and cutting up pranks for the edification of the crowd. The women were especially pleased with the simian's performances. The man and the monkey were linked with the history of our planet long before Charles Darwin asked the significant question, "Has man evolved from the simian creation?"

Adam Clarke, commentator on the Bible, a standard authority with many Christians, believed that the creature which caused the fall of the human race was of the monkey species, and, if his theory be correct, women should look upon this parody on the genus homo with horror.

Mahomet makes monkeys play a conspicuous part in his theology. The socalled prophet of Arabia in his Al-Koran tells us that the simian creation—gorillas, chimpanzees, gibbons, apes, baboons, monkeys, etc.—were formerly men whom Allah turned into their present shape for violating the Sabbath.

FOOLING GERMAN NATION

Since humor in a German official, especially if he be minister of war, is an unknown quantity, as the Richmond Journal says, the speech of Gen. von Stein to the reichstag, in which he declared that the crown prince had inflicted one of the gravest defeats the entente has suffered in the entire war, must be taken seriously. Moreover, he let it be known that the socalled Foch reserve army no longer exists. As for the American troops, declared the Prussian war minister, in a review of the military situation, their number and strength are far below what Germany had been led to expect. This is his peroration:

"Filled with gratitude, we regard our incomparable army. For almost four years it has born with undiminished strength of will and confidence of victory all the dangers, exertions and hardships. The same dash which in 1914 led us into the enemy country, decided the war in east. It still lives today, as does our spirit of absolute superiority over our enemies. We are more conscious of the army's strength, and our confidence in its leaders to continue to lead on to victory. The enemy is not yet prepared for peace. It is still the day of the sword, but the sword remains sharp. We look forward to the issue of the struggle with complete confidence."

As our cotemporary says, this may be graveyard courage, it may be for the reichstag and the people's consumption, but it is certainly not based on facts, if the stories told of captured Huns and their low morale reflect the general attitude of the German troops.

Contrast General von Stein's statement with the doubt expressed in the Vorwaerts, the Socialist organ in Berlin, as to the present German offensive. "It only proves that the German soldiers are strong, but nothing more." So, also, are the British, the French, the Italians and the Americans strong and they will never consent to a German peace, as the Vorwaerts admits.

CHEERFUL NEWS

For the last few days the battle news has been favorable. The latest German drive has apparently been brought to a standstill The French resistance throughout that drive has been more spirited and more effective than in either the first Picardy assault or that in Champagne. There were no surprises, no tremendous gains. As a result the news of the day is cheerful in tone. The stock market—that barometer which reflects war as well as business conditions and which, as a cotemporary remarks, has neither conscience nor patriotism, but coldly and calculatingly measures values—has been markedly strong. Things seem to be in good shape.

We have every reason for confidence, as an exchange says. We know the spirit of the British and the French, we know the spirit of our own troops. We know that we are going to win the war. We know, even if the German generals do not, or pretend that they do not, that the Americans have now in France an army that is already big and will shortly be enormous. We have every reason for full faith in Foch, the allied commander.

Confidence, resolution, determination, co-operation and faith—these are the watchwords of the hour. Let all Americans regard them!

What Old Tin Cans are Worth.

Many letters in regard to the advisability of collection and sale of old tin cans are being received from private persons by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The department has been informed by a company engaged in detinning work that cans practically free from rust and foreign matter are worth $12 a ton f. o. b. its factory and that there are from 7,000 to 8,000 cans in a ton. The company stated it believes the recovery of tin cans to be advisable only in the larger towns.

FACTS ABOUT WILLS

Every Soldier May Act as His Own Lawyer in the Disposal of His Property.

William Hamilton Osborne, of the Vigilantes, has written the following for the benefit of soldiers who may wish to take advantage of it:

The following is a simple form of will, which, if it be executed according to the following directions, will answer for any state in the Union:

I, John Doe, of 100 W. 100th St., N. Y. City, make my last will, and give all my estate, real and personal, wherever situate, to my wife, Jane Doe, her heirs, executors, administrators and assigns forever, and appoint her sole executrix of this will, without bonds, with full power to sell, mortgage, lease, or in any other manner dispose of the whole or any part of my estate.

Dated May 1, 1918.

John Doe (Seal).

Subscribed, sealed, published and declared by John Doe, teestator named in the foregoing will, as and for his last will and testament, in our presence, who at his request, in his presence, in the presence of each other, at the same time have hereunto subscribed our names as witnesses this May 1, 1918.

Richard Roe,
102 West 100th St., N. Y. City.
Thomas Noakes,
104 West 100th St., N. Y. City.
Stephen Stiles,
104 West 100th St., N. Y. City.

Write out this complete instrument on a sheet of paper—even writing the word "Seal." But do not sign it. The first paragraph above to be signed by you is your will. The second paragraph above, to be signed by witnesses, is called the attestation clause. Having prepared your will, call in three adults who are not interested in the provisions contained in your will; a legatee or devise cannot sign as witness. Get these three witnesses in the same room with you, and let them all stay in that room until all four of you have signed. Then, in their presence, you sign the will—that is the first thing you do after calling them in. Having signed, tell them this is your will, and that you want them to sign as witnesses. That is vital. They do not have to read the will. They will then sign, with their addresses, all remaining with you until all have signed. If you read over the attestation clause above, you will now see that the formalities stated therein have been completed. Select, if possible, witnesses who live in the same town as you yourself. Have your wife keep the will safe. In case of your death, she may or may not have to employ a lawyer in order to get it probated. In some states probate is very simple. In New Jersey, for instance, the executor waits for the lapse of ten full days after death, and on or after the eleventh day, he or she takes one witness up to the Surrogate's office, and the Surrogate does the rest. If you leave a bank account or safe deposit box behind you, there will be red tape, owing to the inheritance tax forms that must be filled out and sworn to, no matter whether your estate is taxable or not.

Remember this. By following the above directions you can execute that simple form of will without calling in a lawyer If the object of your bounty be a mother, sister, brother, father, sweetheart or any other person, you may substitute his or her name for the name Jane Doe, your wife. But it will not be safe for you to attempt to draw a more complicated will without consulting a lawyer. You ought to leave a will. The smaller your estate, the more necessary is a will. If you do not leave a will, your administrator will have to give bonds, and if the interests of infants are involved and there be real estate, it may cost your small estate $250 before your wife can sell the property and get the money. If you leave a will, the legal expenses will be very small. It is more important for a poor man to leave a will than for a rich man to leave one, because of the complication and expense otherwise entailed upon the poor man's estate. Remember always in making your will or taking any other legal step, in case of doubt, always consult a lawyer. In this war crisis, the great majority of lawyers are only to glad to assist a soldier in these simple matters without charging any fee.

GIRLS IN AUSTRIAN ARMY.

36,000 Working Near the front, Still Suffer From Meagre Rations and Long Hours.

Geneva, June 15.—Thirty-six thousand Austrian women and girls, of all ages and classes, have been forced by hunger to join the women's battalions working close to the front lines, according to reports from Austrian Tyrol.

The women are complaining of long hours, small pay and meagre rations. Officials are being bombarded with demands for their release. Their enlistment terms, however, provide that they shall keeping working until the end of the war.

AUSTRIANS BEATEN AT TONALE.

Two Severe Attacks Are Replused With Heavy Loss.

Rome, June 15—The text of yesterday's war office announcement, telling of the sanguinary check inflicted upon an ambitious Austrian attack on the Tonale pass is as follows:

"In the early hours yesterday after an intense and extended artillery preparation, the enemy attempted to force our defenses in the Tonale pass, launching an infantry attack against the summit of Monticello ridge and immediately north and south of the important road .

"The impetus of the assault was broken in our advanced lines, and later counter attacks and a concentration of our artillery arrested the enemy definitely, driving him back.

"Subsequently a new attack was attempted north of the road, which was promptly crushed by our barrage fire. The losses of the enemy, particularly in the support of positions in his rear, were very heavy. One hundred and thirty prisoners from four different regiments and several machine guns remained in our hands.

City People Help with Farm Work.

Nine hundred experienced men were placed in regular farm work in one month this spring in Ohio, largely through the efforts of the farm help specialists of the U. S Department of Agriculture, Records of a similar nature are being made in other States where special efforts have been made to bring about a close cooperation between the town and country. For this purpose pledges are being secured in each town, city and village from men who have had previous farm experience, to devote a few days or weeks of their time to harvest work during the coming season if their service should be needed. Farm-help specialists in Kansas have secured pledges of this kind from 50,000 city residents who have promised to devote two to fifteen days of their time to haryest work this summer. Similar results have been obtained in Indiana, Illinois, North Dakota, South Dakota, Pennsylvania, Georgia and Kentucky. Campaigns are either in active progress or being planned in every State.

CABINET OFFICERS

Vice President Marshall recently said:

"I think it would be a good thing, though, if the Cabinet ministers, who, under our form of government, are really executive secretaries, were given the power to come on the floor of the House and Senate and explain personally the needs of their departments. They should also be subject to cross-examination by the members. In that way, through personal contact, public business could be transacted more quickly."

The constitution of the late Southern Confederacy was, in the main, taken from the Federal Constitution. There was certain improvements, however, in the older instrument made necessary by the changed order of things. The constitution of the Confederacy provided that members of the cabinet be allowed the freedom of the floor of both branches of Congress in order that they might explain the needs of their respective departments.

DEMAND EARLY VOTE.

Take President's Stand and Will Urge It as a War Measure.

Washington, June 14.—Upon the ground that President Wilson has come out for woman suffrage as a war measure, Senate suffrage leaders announce they will demand an early vote.

The President's message to European women was a clear-cut statement that the President regards suffrage as a war measure of first importance, Senate suffragists said.

They lay emphasis upon this because the votes to pass the suffrage measure will have to come from the President's own party, recent polls of the Senate have shown. There are enough doubtful members on either side to decide the result, but those Republicans who are against suffrage are classed as immovable.

Coupled with the President's virtual request that the Senate approve suffrage as a reward to American women for their loyal war work is the plea of women munition workers and those employed in other sorts of war service, who are flooding the Senators with demands that suffrage be given women who have thus demonstrated their ability to do men's work.

Free of Charge.

Any adult suffering from cough, cold or bronchitis, is invited to call at the drug store of the Leadbeater Drug Corporation and get absolutely free, a sample bottle of Boschee's German Syrup, a soothing and healing remedy for all lung troubles, which has a successful record of fifty years. Gives the patient a good night's rest free from coughing, with free expectoration in the morning.

A standard medicine for 50 years. For sale in all civilized countries.

FIVE FINED FOR BEING IDLE.

Two White Men and Three Negroes Arrested.

Baltimore, June 15.—More alleged idlers were arraigned in the police stations yesterday and given to understand that there is to be no shirking of useful employment during the war.

James E. Albrecht, 43 years old, who appeared to be in robust health, was arraigned before Justice Johannsen at the Western Police Station and fined $25 and costs. He didn't have the cash and was sent to jail for 27 days and registered as a man without a job. He was walking about the streets advertising a brand of chewing gum when arrested.

William C. Lewis, 23 years old, was another man accused. He was before Justice Brendel at the Western Police Station and fined $5 and costs and registered. Lewis was hauled out of bed . He stated that he had been employed at Sparrow's Point, but had run out of carfare and decided to take a week's rest.

Charged with failing to register under the Compulsory Work law, three negroes were given a hearing yesterday afternoon before Magistrate Gerecht at the Eastern Police Station. Martin was fined $25 and costs, while Simms and Harris were assesed $20 and costs apiece. All three were unable to pay and were sent to jail.

LAWYERS TO UNLOAD CARS.

Will Work Daily To Relieve Congestion in Cumberland.

Cumberland, Md, June 15.—Cumberland lawyers have decided to assist in unloading freight at the Baltimore and Onio station here, 80 cars being tieu up at this terminal for want of help. It is expected this will relieve the congestion and lift the embargo on freight into Cumberland. This is a dull season with the legal profession and practically all the younger members of the bar have been enlisted in the work. Two squads of lawyers of ten each will work two shifts a day, begining Monday.

With few exceptions the wardrobes of the lawyers do not include the necessary clothing for this kind of work, but John S. McCauley, president of the Cumberland Dry Goods and Notion Company, has offered to donate a workingshirt to each man. Other merchants are expected to contribute the overalls and gloves.

PERFECT CONFIDENCE.

Alexandria People Have Good Reason For Complete Reliance.

Do you know how—
To find relief from backache;
To correct distressing urinary ills;
To assist weak kidneys?
You neighbors know the way—
Have Doan's Kidney Pills;
Have proved their worth in many tests.

Here's Alexandria testimony.

Mrs Nannie Scott, 110 Prince St., says: "I suffered from severe pains through my back and loins and was unable to rest well and in the morning felt tired and worn out. I also had frequent dizzy spells. Doan's Kidney Pills helped me in every way and it is a pleasure to recommend them to other kidney sufferers.

OVER FOUR YEARS LATER Mrs. Scott said: "I am still as enthusiastic over Doan's as I was when I gave my first recommendation. I have always received splendid results when I have taken Doan's Kidney Pills."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kndney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Scott had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y

Classified Advertising

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. Apply 312 Queen street. 143-1t

FOR SALE—Two modern brick dwellings on South Alfred street, containing six rooms and bath each. Splendid condition. Apply to John D. Normoyle, cor. King and Royal street 143-6t

FOR SALE—Buescher Cornet, in perfect condition, cost $85 new, case and slides complete. Will sell cheap. Herbert Young, care Remschell Garage, 117 N Fairfax street. 143-3t

MARRY IF LONELY—For results, try me; best and most successful "Home Maker;" hundreds rich wish marriage soon; strictly confidential; most reliable, years experience; descriptions free. "The Successful Club," Mrs. Purdie, Box 556, Oakland, California.

ALEXANDRIA LIGHTING COMPANY WANTS—
LINEMEN—
FIREMEN—
Apply to General Superintendent, 524 King street.

FOR SALE—House, nine rooms and bath, hot and cold water, electric lights, hot air heat, lot 75x115, surrounded by hedge fence; half block from Mount Vernon Avenue. Inquire for particulars to A. S. Donihan, Fairfax Apartments. 140-6t

FOR SALE—A fine-two-story brick store and dwelling, formerly occupied by Potomac Grocery Co., located at St. Elmo, opposite the Potomac railroad yards. Excellent location for grocery and provision business. For price and terms apply to John D. Normoyle, cor. King and Royal streets. 141-6t.

FOR RENT—Fine flat, second floor, 119 South Fairfax street; 4 rooms, bath and kitchenette; third floor, 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette. Inspection invited. Every modern convenience. John D. Normoyle, corner King and Royal streets. 142-6t.

WANTED—Two men to learn to press pants. Good chance to learn trade and good wages, steady employment. Apply at Pants Factory, second floor Gazette building, 317 King street. 142-6t

WANTED—Office boy, 14 years old or over, neat appearance, with wheel. Apply Alexandria Aircraft Corporation. 142-3t

FOR SALE—Household goods, consisting of bedroom, dining room and living room furniture, by parties leaving the city. For particulars apply at apartment 118 South Patrick street.

The right answer to All your printing problems!

If you want your work done in the most up-to-date and quickest way WE CAN DO IT!

Phone 60. Harry W. Wade, Printing & Publishing. Phone 60. 313 King St.

"The Store of Greater Service"
LANSBURGH & BRO
Washington, D. C.

Washable Mohair At $2.42 Each

1,000 Skirt Lengths

For street skirts, for sport skirts, for motor skirts, etc. Choose from two-toned stripes, Roman stripes, tri-colored stripes, also plain shades of blue, beige, sand, green, helio and tan. Light, cool and airy. The fabric de luxe for summer comfort. The more you wash it the lovelier it loooks. Colors guaranteed absolutely dye fast. Each length contains 3 1-2 yards—enough for a skirt. At $2.42.

54-Inch Black Mohair Sicilian $1.59

Third Floor—Lansburgh & Bro.

Domestic Longcloth and Nainsook Extra Special

Just three items in all, but each represents a saving so great that a crowd will surround the domestic counters for these. At 20c yard.

36-inch Fine Bleached Cotton in domestic or longcloth finish. Special 20c.

HENRY K. FIELD & COMPANY
Lumber and Mill Work
Quick Shipments — Grades Guaranteed

WANTED—Three or four rooms, furnished or unfurnished for couple with baby. Answer F. B. H. Gazette office. 142-2t

WANTED—Non-union Plasterers; six months' work. Apply Woodley Road and 27th Street, Washington, D. C. 142-7t

Men Wanted

For Electric Railroad Construction. Mt. Vernon to Camp Humphreys, Va. Free sleeping accomodations; good board, moderate cost, standard wages, Pay every Saturday. Come prepared to go to work. Take Washington-Virginia Electric Ry to Mt. Vernon.

Apply to Supt. in charge a Mt. Vernon

CLIFFORD M. STOY
Certified Public Accountant (N. C.)
Washington, D. C.
Yearly, Quarterly or Monthly Audits
Income and excess profits reports a specialty
Systems installed; statements made; books opened and closed. Office, 617 14th Street, n. w. Phone Main 6596. Residence, phone Col. 6682.

Washington Southern Ky.

Schedule In Effect May 13, 1918.

For Washington and points north daily, 8:08, 9:53, 10:03 a. m., 12:13, 12:28; 1:18, 2:58, 3:18, 10:13, 11:33 p. m.

Week days only, 6:23 p. m. Saturdays only 5:05 p. m., and Sundays only 8:18 p. m.

For Fredericksburg, Richmond and points south at 3:35, 7:55 (local) and 9:47, a. m.; 2:27, 2:47, 5:17 (local) 6:17, 8:17, 9:17 p. m. daily.

Accommodation for Quantico at 10:50 a. m daily and 2:53 p. m. Saturdays. Night train leaves 11:48 p. m. daily for Fredericksburg and intermediate stations.

NOTE—Times of arrival and departure and connections not guaranteed.

WASHINGTON VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO.

In Effect February 23, 1918.
Subject to Change Without Notice.

Leave Alexandria for Washington.

A. M.—*5.00, †5.40, †6.00, *6.10, 6.20, *6.30, 6.40, *6.55, 7.00, *7.10, 7.20, *7.30, *7.35, 7.40, *7.45, *7.50, *7.55, 8.00, *8.05, *8.10, 8.20, *8.30, 8.40, 9.00, 9.20, 9.40, 10.00, 10.20, 10.40, 11.00 11.20, 11.40.

P. M.—12.00, 12.20, 12.40, 1.00, 1.20, 1.30, 1.40, 1.50, 2.00, 2.10, 2.20, 2.30, 2.40, 2.50, 3.00, 3.10, 3.20, 3.30, 3.40, 3.50, 4.00, 4.10, 4.20, 4.30, 4.40, 4.50, 5.00, 5.10, 5.20, 5.30, 5.40, 5.50, 6.00, 6.10, 6.20, 6.30, 6.40, 6.50, 7.00, 7.10, 7.20, 7.30, 7.40, 8.00, 8.20, 8.40, 9.00, 9.20, 9.40, 10.00, 10.20, 10.40, 11.00, 11.20, 11.40. A. M.—12.00.

*Except Sundays and Holidays.
†Except Sundays.

Leave Alexandria For Mt. Vernon

A. M.—†5.35, 6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.50, 10.35, 11.35.

P. M.—12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.55.

†Except Sundays.

Insure the home NOW—don't delay another day. This is the season in which most fires occur. Insuring through this agency means ABSOLUTE PROTECTION at regular rates.
LAURENCE STABLER
415 Prince Street. Alexandria, Va.

Your Winter's Coal Supply

On account of rulings of the U. S. Fuel Administration, it seems doubtful if Virginia will receive sufficient anthracite coal to supply the demands. If present rulings are maintained, this shortage will be very great in Alexandria and we earnestly advise our customers to put in a reasonable amount of bituminous coal as a safeguard against a coal shortage next winter.

We are now securing some very fine bituminous coal which we believe will work in all characters of coal burners but the Latrobe stoves.

W. A. SMOOT & COMPANY, INC.

"THE BUSY CORNER"
S. Kann Sons & Co.
8TH ST. AND PENNA. AVE.

"THE BUSY CORNER"
S. Kann Sons & Co.
8TH ST. AND PENNA. AVE.

Open 9:15 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Low-Heel White
OXFORDS
For Women

—The season's most wanted White Footwear. Ready in all sizes.

—White Canvas, with turn soles, At $3.00 Pair
—White Canvas, with welt soles, At $4.00 Pair
—White Nu Buck, At $5.00 Pair
Kann's—Fourth Floor.

Better Cooking by Electricity

Women have long known that electric cooking is cleaner, that it banishes all the dust and ashes of coal and wood and soot and fumes of gas. They have known that it makes the kitchen cooler; the air purer; that is the most convenient way to cook. Now they have the word of the women who stand for the most scientific cooking methods known, that electric cooking produces better results than any other means.

Let us demonstrate the various sizes of ranges and refer you to the satisfied electric range users.

Alexandria County Lighting Company
524 King Street Phone 193

OUR FINAL FIGURES Show that approximately
1,000 Subscribers
Purchased through this bank
THIRD LIBERTY LOAN BONDS
Amounting to $191,400-00
We desire to express our appreciation and thanks for this liberal patriotic response to our Country's call.
The Citizens National Bank
Corner King and St. Asaph Streets.

The Alexandria National Bank

Deal with the tall Bank on the corner of King and Royal Streets.
All transactions from the smallest to the greatest receive careful personal attention.
Home people and strangers welcome.
3 PER CENT PAID ON SAVINGS.

For Sale

FOR SALE—Possession July 20, brick, six rooms, electric lights, hot water heat, modern in every respect, excellent location.

Graham & Ogden
530 King Street.

GEMS OF THE FIRST WATER

and a present that will grace the throat or the hand of a Queen. No matter what pattern you may choose from our line, you are sure of getting excellent workmanship and stones of dependable quality, in addition to original designs of the highest order.

Saunders & Son
529 King Street.

PUTTING HIS MONEY TO WORK

Contributed by Charles Dana Gibson.

THE HOPE OF THE WORLD

By HAROLD BELL WRIGHT.

THE hope of the world is not alone that the armies of humanity will be victorious, but that the spirit and purpose of our warfare will prevail in our victory. The hope of the world is in the Red Cross, because the Red Cross is voicing this spirit and purpose that must, through the force of our arms, triumph. Just to the degree that we can evidence this Red Cross spirit of mercy and brotherhood we will hold true in the dangerous hour of victory to the ideals that have forced us into the trenches in the defense of human rights and human liberty.

The one sane and saving thought in this delirium of death that now possesses the world is the Red Cross.

Wherever the storms of battle hell rage, amid the fires of ruthless destruction, in trench and camp and hospital, these soldiers of mercy with heroism unsurpassed are carrying the flag of the highest conceivable ideals of humanity. The ideals for which our armies have taken the field are, by these unarmed hosts, proclaimed to friend and foe, in that unmistakable language of universal mercy and brotherhood. In the terms of wasted towns rebuilt, of broken humanity salvaged, of dying children rescued, of desolate families succored, the Red Cross declares the cause for which we war and proclaims the principles and ideals that must and will in the end prevail. Above the thunder of the guns, the roar of exploding mines, the crash of fallen cities and the cries of tortured humanity, the voice of the Red Cross carries clear and strong the one message of hope to our war-burdened world.

The black horror of this world's crisis would be unbearable were it not for the spirit and work of this mighty force. The normal mind refuses to contemplate the situation without this saving power.

It is the knowledge that in every city, town and hamlet, men, women and children are united in this work of declaring to the world, through the Red Cross, our message of mercy and brotherhood, that keeps our hearts from sinking under the burden of woe and sustains our faith in human kind. It is the constant daily, almost hourly touch with the Red Cross work that is felt by every citizen in the land, that inspires us with courage and hope.

Out of this hell of slaughter the Red Cross will guide the warring nations to a heaven of world-wide peace and brotherhood.

Because it is the living expression of those ideals and principles in defense of which we are giving our all in lives and material wealth—because on every field of death it is proclaiming its message of life—because it keeps ever before us and the world the cause for which we war—because it will preserve us in the hour of our victory from defeating ourselves—the Red Cross is the hope of the world.

Your Government Has Called for Wheat

to feed the men who are fighting YOUR war. Have you made any change in your diet to meet that call?

WHAT ARE YOU EATING

This War will be won when you do—not your Bit, but your Best. Are you willing that some soldier should go hungry to save you inconvenience? Do you want to eat HIS wheat while he risks his life for YOU?

YOU HAVE MANY SUBSTITUTES FOR WHEAT

With plenty of Potatoes and Corn, you need not even miss it. Send it freely and cheerfully to the men who are holding the line against German Autocracy.

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE FOR FREEDOM

This space donated to the United States Food Administration by

SWAN BROS
Alexandria's Leading Department Store.

FOR SALE

NORTH WASHINGTON STREET RESIDENCE

6 rooms and bath
Electricity
Hot water heat,,
Gas, and all modern improvements.

Alexander Suter, Inc.,
529 King Street.

The First National Bank
OF ALEXANDRIA VIRGINIA

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO DELIVER ALL
Liberty Bonds
PURCHASED THROUGH THIS BANK
and
Paid for in full

BURKE & HERBERT, Bankers
Established 1852
High Grade Investment Bonds 1st Mortgages on Real Estate
Deposits Received Subject to Check 3 Per cent. paid on Savings Deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.
Letters of Credit and Travelers Express Cheques.

PROTOX
Pure Ground Meat Scraps
For Poultry
Telephone or Write Us For Descriptive Book.
ALEXANDRIA FERTILIZER & CHEMICAL CO.

For Coughs and Colds, CHERRY COUGH SYRUP. The old formula, the old price 25c. Ouylon Tablets 10c and 25c. We have in stock a full line of standard remedies for coughs and colds. External and internal.

Leadbeater Drug Corporation

WANTED AT ONCE.
At the highest cash prices,
20,000 Bags and
10,000 pounds Burlap
also all kinds of old junk, such as Old Iron, Rags, Rubber, Rope, Bones, Brass, Copper, Zinc, Lead and Metals of all kinds, also old Autos and Auto tires, etc.

We also buy all kinds of paper and paper Stock, bags, and burlap.

Ship us your goods. We pay the highest prices. Checks mailed same day goods are received.

CAPITAL JUNK COMPANY
Phone 539W.
1210 King Street, Alexandria, Va.

COMMERCIAL AND FANCY
STATIONERY
Office Supplies
S. F. DYSON & BRO.
Booksellers and Stationers.
420 King Street.

What Happens When You Lend Your Money to the Government?

You should buy only the things you can not do without. The money you usually spend for things you do not need should be saved. Then lend your savings to your country. The Government can use that money to get the goods and services needed to supply the Army and Navy with the food, clothing, and ammunition they must have in order to win the war.

Buy
Thrift Stamps
—25c each—
—Sold by—
Lettercarriers, Postoffices, Banks, and Authorized Agents.

This Space Contributed by
BANNER LAUNDRY
909 Oronoco Street

Richmond Theater, Monday, June 17

Pauline Frederick

in

"Her Final Reckoning"

In this picture Miss Fredrick plays a dual role

—SURPRISE TONIGHT—
BESSIE BARRISCALE
in
"Madam Who"
A story laid in the South during the Civil War.
Full of romance and picturesque charm of the Southland.

—SURPRISE MONDAY—
THEODORE ROBERTS
IN
"The American Consul"
Filled with stirring incidents

"The House of Hate

At the Richmond Tonight

AMERICA'S FAVORITE ACTOR

Wm. FARNUM

in a smashing tale of life in the Rocky Mountains

"TRUE BLUE"

A story of an American cowboy King who sacrificed his right to a coronet to aid his brother and win a girl.

CRIME RAGES IN BERLIN

Juvenile Crime, According to the Press, Has Increased 600 Per Cent

Paris, June 15.—Amazing facts concerning the unprecedented outbreak of crime among civilians in Germany are gradually coming to light despite the efforts of the Hun authorities to suppress them.

It is now possible to quote the actual facts of the lawless wave from the German press itself, as revealed in copies just made available.

That juvenile crime in a typical industrial district of Germany has increased 600 per cent during the war, that the number of thefts in Berlin are averaging 300 a day, and that many cities at night are terrorized by armed bands of robbers are among the facts shown by German newspapers.

This orgy of violence and pillage is all the more startling because of the reputation which the Germans had claimed, before the war, of being a law-abiding people. It seems that the precedent set by the Prussians in their assault upon Belgium and France has been used as a model by the civilian populace, and that the large-scale reign of vandalism, brutality and robbery inaugurated by the Hun army in conquered territory is now being followed on a smaller scale by the women and children in Germany itself.

According to the Deutsche Tageszeitung of April 16, 1918, it was declared at Berlin in a report by Prosecutor Plaschke to the Association of the Betterment of Prisoners that the jails, which were practically empty in 1914, are now crammed with prisoners, and that women and children under eighteen years form the greater proportion of all persons convicted of crime.

The nature of the crimes reflects the conditions of misery and food shortage in the central empires. Boys and girls, often organized in bands, plunder clothing stores, steal food from shops and private homes, hold up passersby at night and often start a small reign of terror in the quarters where they operate. The police are powerless because so many of them have been called to the colors.

German papers tell of various efforts being made by the authorities to handle the crime menace, such as the patrolling of the streets at night by military police, the better lighting of the streets and the reinforcement of the police by agents of the other public services.

In Austria, according to the Neue Freie Presse, the number of crimes committed in the streets was twice as great in the first quarter of 1918 as in the same period of 1917. The Fremdenblatt of April 22 says the majority of these crimes are committed by boys and girls between 15 and 19, and that even school children are found among the bands of thieves which infest the streets and stations. In Vienna, as in Berlin, the police force is insufficient to restore order.

PLANT FOR RICHMOND.

$1,000,000 Factory to Be Erected for Shipbuilding Company

Richmond, Va., June 15.—It was reported here today that the Milon Stewart Company, contractors of New York city, had been awarded the contract for the erection of a boiler plant here for the Newport News Shipbuilding and drydock Company and the Emergency Fleet Corporation. It is said that the building and the equipment will cost nearly $1,000,000.

About 5,000 men will be employed.

Don't Shoot Pigeons—They May Be Army Messengers.

The U. S. Department of Agriculture urges hunters not to shoot pigeons in air, for they may be homing pigeons being trained in many sections by the Signal Corps of the United States Army to carry messages across battlefields. Farmers and other breeders who allow their birds a few hours of liberty each day also are liable to loss from shooting.

AMERICANS HALT HUN DRIVE

Reports From Front Show They Played Big Part in Thwarting Crown Prince.

Washington, June 15.—Military authorities in Washington are convinced that the crisis in the fourth great drive of the Germans against the allied line in France, has been passed and for the first time in more than ten days General Staff officers here are absolutely certain that the army of the German crown prince has been defeated.

And the reports which have reached Washington through official channels as well as those from unofficial sources make it clear that this defeat was brought about in large measure by the gallantry of the American forces operating against the German center in Belleau wood. The press dispatches have told of the furious fighting of the Americans at that point, of their repeated advance against superior numbers and of their final move in sweeping the enemy from the cover of this forest.

But it has remained for the official dispatches to comment upon the strategic value of this victory. It seems, from information which came to hand that the assaults sustained and carried on by the Americans northwest of Chateau Thierry were not local in any sense of the word, but were, in fact, of the utmost importance from the standpoint of the entire battle. One review of the action, it is stated, gives the Americans credit for having broken up the whole German plan of campaign and compelled the crown prince to abandon his desperate determination to force his way through the line toward Paris.

The deepest interest is taken in Washington in German losses. All reports which have been cabled to Washington agree that they have been more appalling than in any other battle on the western front, but if the War Department has received any official estimates as to the number of men Germany has sacrificed, no word of them has been given out. The fact is, Washington is rather conservative in the matter of enemy losses.

MONKS DEFY KAISER

Belgian Priests Refuse to Tell Him Where His Cousin Max is Buried

British Army Headquarters, Flanders, June 15.—The story of the reason for the desperate assaults delivered by the Germans against Mont des Cats, one of the hill defenses of Ypres, in the recent drive has now become known.

It has no military foundation, and it will probably be the occasion for another attempt to capture the position and the territory surrounding it when the Germans resume their Flander offensive. Here is the story:

In the autumn of 1914 the Germans passed over Mont des Cats, and the ancient Trappist monastery on it was rudely invaded. The Belgian monks treated the Germans civilly. Soon a British cavalry detachment came up the road and a sharp skirmish followed.

The Germans were driven from the hill into Meteren, but they left behind a young cavalry officer with many ribbons on his breast who was dying.

He was Prince Max of Hesse, a mere boy, and a cousin of Kaiser Wilhelm. The monks tended him in the monastery until he died and that night they buried him in the valley below.

Soon after the kaiser sent word to know the whereabouts of the prince's grave. The old French abbot sent the following reply:

"Tell the kaiser that I will let him know the prince's burial place when there are no German soldiers in Belgium, and when restitution has been made for the crimes against our people."

Since then the furious battle of Ypres took place and the Germans were driven back from Mont des Cats. The old monastery was left in peace until this spring, when Kemmel was captured, and the monks departed. The kaiser has made several more efforts to find out where his cousin is interred, but to no avail.

Proposal for Constructing Experimental Concrete Roads:

Agriculture Department, Washington, D. C., June 8, 1918.

Sealed proposals for the construction of approximately one and one-half miles of experimental concrete road on Columbia Pike, Alexandria county, Virginia, from Mount Vernon avenue west, will be received in the office of the Chief Clerk, until 2 o'clock p. m., June 21, 1918, and then publicly opened. Quantities are approximately as follows: 4,000 cu. yards excavation, 16,000 sq. yards scarifying and building shoulders, 5,000 sq. yards washed gravel sub-base, 5,000 sq. yards crushed stone sub-base, 1,000 sq. yards pit run gravel sub-base, 2,850 cu. yards concrete surfacing, 1,000 cu. yards gravel for shoulders, 45 cu. yards concrete for drainage structure, 100 lin. feet pipe culverts and 500 feet wooded guard rail. Plans may be seen and specifications and form of proposal secured on and after June 12, 1918, at the office of Public Roads and Rural Engineering, United States Department of Agriculture, 515 Fourteenth street northwest, Washington, D. C.

142-1t

CITY ORDINANCE.

WHEREAS By deed recorded in Deed Book No. 65 page 77 of the Alexandria City Land Records, the Washington Monument Association, Incorporated, did convey to the City Council of Alexandria the property known as George Washington Park, now situated in the City of Alexandria, and formerly in the County of Fairfax, Virginia, together with certain specified lots in the subdivision adjoining said Park and made by the Washington Monument Association, Incorporated, excepting, however, from the said conveyance the property therefore sold by the said Washington Monument Association to sundry purchasers, and

WHEREAS By this deed the record title to all lots standing at the time of the said conveyance in the name of the Washington Monument Association was thus passed and now stands in the name of the City Council of Alexandria, and

WHEREAS Certain of the lots in said subdivisions had been before the date of the said conveyance sold to various purchasers, who have either not received deeds therefor or have neglected to have the same recorded before the date of the conveyance aforesaid but are properly the owners of the lots sold, and

WHEREAS Among the lots so conveyed to said City Council of Alexandria are lots numbered 11 and 12 Block numbered 6, of Section No 1 of George Washington Park, which in reality belongs to one A. Fred Cannaday, now

BE IT ORDAINED by the City Council of Alexandria, Virginia, that the Mayor of the City of Alexandria be and he is hereby directed and authorized to sign, under the seal of the said City, and to acknowledge and deliver, a proper deed of quitclaim to said A. Fred Cannaday, releasing to him all the right, title, interest and estate of the City of Alexandria in and to said lots in the subdivisions aforesaid.

This ordinance shall be in force from its passage upon prepayment of all taxes for years 1916, 1917 and 1918 and as costs of publication.

Passed the Common Council June 1, 1918. Howard W. Smith, President.

Passed the Board of Aldermen June 11, 1918. F. F. Marbury, President.

Approved June 12, 1918.
Thomas A. Fisher Mayor.
Teste: Daniel R. Stansbury, C. C.

CITY ORDINANCE.

Appropriation Bill.

An act to appropriate a part of the City revenue for the fiscal year ending may 31, 1919.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the City Council of Alexandria, that a part of the revenue of the city for the year ending May 31, 1919 be, and the same is hereby appropriated as follows, viz:

For Salaries	$ 9,500.00
For Police Force	21,100.00
For Public Schools	27,000.00
For Cleaning Streets	14,400.00
For repairing Streets	1,000.00
For Chain Gang	700.00
For Poor House	5,400.00
For Outdoor Poor	800.00
For Associated Charities	1 000.00
For Printing and Advertising	500.00
For Fire Department and new Truck	18,300.00
For Fire Plugs	300.00
For Public Property	300.00
For City Council	1,250.00
For Contingencies	150.00
For Alexandria Hospital	500.00
For Lunacy Commissions	200.00
For Children's Home	150.00
For Home for Aged	300.00
For Notes 1915	6,750.00
For Interest, Bonds 1902	1,560.00
For Interest, Bond 1908	28,000.00
For Interest, Bonds 1916	2,800.00
Amount brought forward	$156,460.00
Amount carried forward	$156,460.00
For Courts and Jail	4,000.00
For Rents	100.00
For Law Expenses	200.00
For Election Expenses	400.00
For Coroners Inquests	200.00
For Sinking Fund 1902	1,000.00
For Sinking Fund 1908	7,000.00
For Sinking Fund 1916	2,100.00
For Temporary Loans	61,000.00
For Electric Light	9.600.00
For Interest due Sinking Fund for three years on $29,500.00 at 4 per cent on interest certificates held by Commissioners of Sinking Fund,	3,540.00
	$231,100.00

Section 2. That it shall not be lawful for the Auditor to issue his warrant for any amount in excess of the several appropriations aforesaid, and it shall be his duty at the next meeting of the City Council to notify them if any of these appropriations are exhausted, and thereafter, until further appropriations are made, no warrants shall be drawn beyond the amounts appropriated.

Section 3. This act shall be in force from its passage.

Passed the Common Council June 11 1918.

Howard W. Smith, President

Passed the Board of Aldermen June 8, 1918.

F. F. Marbury, President.

Approved June 13, 1918.
Thomas A. Fisher, Mayor

Teste: Daniel R. Stansbury, Clerk

CITY ORDINANCE.

An ordinance to authorize the Southern Railway Company to construct, maintain and operate a spur track from a front in its line of railway where Henry street intersects the north line of Oronoco Street, northwardly along and across the west side of Henry street and into the property of the Alexandria Hay & Grain Co., Incorporated.

Be it ordained by the City Council of Alexandria, Virginia:

Sec. 1: That the Southern Railway Company is hereby authorized to construct, maintain and operate spur track from a point in the line of the railroad track of the said Southern Railway Company where Henry street intersects the north line of Oronoco street, northwardly along and across the west side of Henry street and into the property of the Alexandria Hay & Grain Co., Inc.

Sec. 2: That all work done hereunder shall be done under the supervision of the City Engineer and in accordance with drawings submitted and on file in the office of the City Engineer and in accordance with such grades as may be given by the said City Engineer.

Sec. 3. That the space between the rails and two (2) feet on each side thereof shall be properly planked with heavy oak planking and the planks on the inside shall be grooved for the flanges of the wheels.

Sec. 4. That said tracks shall not obstruct the drainage nor ordinary use of the street and all work done upon the same shall be done under the supervision of the City Engineer, and the said company shall keep the track and two (2) feet on each side thereof in good repair and shall keep the drainage open and in good repair.

Sec. 5. The City Council reserves the right to repeal, alter or amend this ordinance.

Sec. 6. This ordinance shall be in force from and after it passage.

Passed the Common Council June 4, 1918.

Howard W. Smith, President.

Passed the Board of Aldermen June 8, 1918.

F. F. Marbury, President.

Approved June 12, 1918.

Thomas A. Fisher, Mayor.

Teste: Daniel R. Stansbury, C. C.

CITY ORDINANCE.

AN ORDINANCE to prohibit the opening of mufflers or cut outs on automobiles or motorcycles on the streets of the City of Alexandria, except under certain circumstances, and to provide a penalty therefor.

Be it ordained by the City Council of Alexandria, Virginia:

Sec. 1: That it shall be unlawful for drivers and riders of automobiles and motorcycles, except fire apparatus, to open or to have open the muffler or cut out on the engine of any automobile or motorcycle driven or ridden by them on the streets within the corporate limits of the City of Alexandria, Virginia, unless such engine at the time shall be actually being repaired or cleaned, or shall be being tested immediately after being repaired or cleaned.

Sec. 2: Any person violating the provisions of this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than one nor more than twenty five dollars.

Sec. 3: Be it further ordained that Prince street from Columbus to Washington Street, Washington Street from Prince Street to Duke Street, Duke Street from Washington Street to Columbus Street and Columbus Street from Duke Street to Prince Street and the square included in said boundaries, be and the same is hereby created a "Zone of quiet," and all persons are hereby prohibited from causing or making any unnecessary noise in said district, and that said zone be properly marked by signs.

Sec. 4: This ordinance shall be in force from its passage.

Passed the Common Council, June 4, 1918. Howard W. Smith, President.
Passed the Board of Aldermen June 11, 1918. F. F. Marbury, President.
Approved June 12, 1918.
Thomas A. Fisher, Mayor.
Teste: Daniel R. Stansbury, Clerk.

CONSTIPATION

And Sour Stomach Caused This Lady Much Suffering. Black-Draught Relieved.

Meadorsville, Ky.—Mrs. Pearl Patrick, of this place, writes: "I was very constipated. I had sour stomach and was so uncomfortable. I went to the doctor. He gave me some pills. They weakened me and seemed to tear up my digestion. They would gripe me and afterwards it seemed I was more constipated than before.

I heard of Black-Draught and decided to try it. I found it just what I needed. It was an easy laxative, and not bad to swallow. My digestion soon improved. I got well of the sour stomach, my bowels soon seemed normal, no more griping, and I would take a dose now and then, and was in good shape.

I cannot say too much for Black-Draught for it is the finest laxative one can use."

Thedford's Black-Draught has for many years been found of great value in the treatment of stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy to take, gentle and reliable in its action, leaving no bad after-effects, it has won the praise of thousands of people who have used it. NO-12

"It's like this"—
An auto tire is too expensive to have any one experiment with.
In our shop—"Over 20 years' experience back of every job."
Expert nursing for sick tires.

Leahy's Tire Hospital,
Opposite Police Station
Alexandria, Virginia.

John W. Hogan
103 South Pitt Street, Alexandria, Va.
PLUMBING
GAS, STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATING.
Estimates cheerfully furnished.
Satisfaction Guaranteed

THE GRAND THEATER

AT THE GRAND MONDAY
MATINEE 2:30, AND A DOUBLE BILL
2nd episode of
"THE RETREAT OF THE GERMANS AT THE BATTLE OF ARRAS"
—Also—
June Elvidge
and
Montague Love
in
"BROKEN TIES"
No raise in price of admission.

—TONIGHT—
Douglas Fairbanks
in
"MANHATTAN MADNESS"
ALSO A GOOD COMEDY
COMING SOON,—"CIVILIZATION" the picture extraordinary.

WANTED
500
CARPENTERS

SHEET METAL WORKERS
METAL LATHERS

$6.87½ per day

10 HOURS

Apply Ready for Work

Hampton Roads Engineering & Construction Co.

Thirty-fourth Street and West Avenue

NEWPORT NEWS, VA.

Important Announcement
GIRLS
Over 16 Years of Age
WANTED

To learn telephone operating. You will be paid while learning, the best profession in the city for girls. Apply at 105 North Alfred Street, Alexandria, Va.
Ask for Miss Davenport